Most Naval Officers have found that setting goals and deadlines helped them achieve success during their journey.

The following pages contain goals for you to achieve while you are in the Delayed Entry Program. You and your recruiter will determine how long it will take to achieve the goals. You set the deadlines to achieve them. Remember, the more you achieve while you are in the DEP, the easier your transition from civilian to Navy Officer.
The mission of Officer Candidate School (OCS), a 12-week officer accession program, is to develop civilians, enlisted, and newly commissioned personnel morally, mentally, and physically and imbue them with the highest ideals of honor, courage, and commitment in order to prepare graduates for service in the fleet as Naval Officers. Major curriculum topics include: Division Officer Fundamentals, Engineering and Weapons, Watch Officer (Navigation and Seamanship), Naval History, Leadership and Ethics, and Damage Control.

Officer Candidate School (OCS) is part of Officer Training Command located at Naval Station Newport in Newport Rhode Island.

The 12-week OCS course is designed to give you a working knowledge of the Navy (afloat and ashore), to prepare you to assume the responsibilities of a Naval Officer, and to begin developing you to your fullest potential. OCS is extremely demanding; morally, mentally, and physically. Your personal Honor, Courage, and Commitment will be tested at OCS and you will be challenged to live up to the highest standards of these core values. The school's curriculum will demand the most of your academic prowess. Mental training involves memorization of military knowledge, academic courses, and military inspections. Physical training (PT) begins immediately upon arrival at OCS. The PT program includes both calisthenics and cardiovascular training, including track and road running. Candidates arriving in poor physical shape and whom cannot successfully pass the Initial Strength Test (IST) are subject to immediate separation from OCS.

Visit http://www.netc.navy.mil/nstc/otcn/index.html for more information on OCS.

Only those with a strong desire to become Naval officers will successfully complete Officer Candidate School.
The mission of the United States Navy is to protect and defend the right of the United States and its allies to move freely on the oceans and to protect the country against her enemies.

When you become a member of the U.S. Navy you will be sworn in by a commissioned officer. You will be asked to repeat the following oath:

I, ________________ having been appointed _________ in the U.S. Navy, do accept such appointment and do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter so help me God.
Navy Core Values

The U.S. Navy is an elite force of highly trained professionals dedicated to protecting our freedom and ensuring a secure future for America. For more than 200 years, Navy men and women have stood tall for the principles that make America the greatest nation on earth. In the Navy, these unchanging principles – Honor, Courage and Commitment – are known as Core Values. To know, understand and faithfully live by them is the duty of all Navy people.
HONOR

“...I will bear true faith and allegiance…”

Accordingly, we will:

• Conduct ourselves in the highest ethical manner in all relationships with seniors, peers and subordinates,

• Be honest and truthful in our dealings with each other, and with those outside the Navy,

• Be willing to make honest recommendations and to accept those recommendations from junior personnel,

• Encourage new ideas and deliver the bad news, even when it is unpopular,

• Abide by an uncompromising code of integrity, taking responsibility for our actions and keeping our word,

• Fulfill or exceed our legal and ethical responsibilities in our public and personal lives 24 hours a day.

Illegal or improper behavior, or even the appearance of such behavior will not be tolerated. We are accountable for our professional and personal behavior. We will be mindful of the privilege we have to serve our fellow Americans.
COURAGE

“I will support and defend…”

Accordingly, we will:

• Have courage to meet the demands of our profession and the mission when it is hazardous, demanding or otherwise difficult,

• Make decisions in the best interest of the Navy and the nation without regard to personal consequences,

• Meet challenges while adhering to a higher standard of personal conduct and decency,

• Be loyal to our nation by ensuring the resources entrusted to us are used in an honest, careful and efficient way.
COMMITMENT

“I will obey the orders…”

Accordingly, we will:

• Demand respect up and down the chain of command,

• Care for the safety, professional, personal and spiritual well-being of our people,

• Show respect toward all people without regard to race, religion or gender,

• Treat each individual with human dignity,

• Be committed to positive change and constant improvement,

• Exhibit the highest degree of moral character, technical excellence, quality and competence in what we have been trained to do.

Your decision to become part of a proud organization with a rich, time-honored tradition is one of the most important decisions you will ever make. You’ll be a member of a team that functions only as well as its people perform their duties and work toward common goals.
All Candidates, including those with prior military service, report to OCS in appropriate civilian attire no later than the time annotated in their orders. Typically check in will be at 0800 on Sunday morning. A minimum amount of civilian clothing should be brought to OCS, as storage space is limited. Civilian clothes are not authorized to be worn, neither in a training status nor on liberty. All required clothing will be issued to you during the first week of training.

Check-in

Upon arrival to Naval Station Newport, ask the gate guard (utilize Gate 1) for directions for OCS check-in and follow posted signs that read "OCS Arrivals." You will check in at Callaghan Hall. Designated parking will be provided.

If arriving in Newport prior to your designated report date date, you will need to make your own lodging accommodations as OCS does not have the capability to house students prior to their report date.

If you drive, you will need to have your driver's license, vehicle registration, proof of insurance, and if you are not the vehicle owner you will need a notarized copy of permission to drive the vehicle. Designated long term parking is provided on base. You typically will not have access to your vehicle until graduation.
**Pay and Benefits**

You will be considered on active duty from the day you leave home. You will receive the pay of an E-5, or your current paygrade if higher.

If you are married and/or have children, the Navy will add a tax-free Basic Allowance for Housing (BAH) to your E-5 base pay. Depending on your individual situation, you may be eligible for Family Separation Allowance (FSA) if your dependents don’t live in the Newport area.

**Candidate Leave**

Officer Candidates will be granted leave only in the case of an emergency.

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**Personal Mail**

While at OCS, you may receive and send mail freely. The following will be your address while at OCS. Please note the only variable in the address will be your name and class number.

- OC (Your Name)
- Officer Candidate School
- Class XX-XX
- Officer Training Command Newport
- 1356 Meyerkord Ave
- Newport, RI 02841

**Family-Related**

In case of emergencies while you are in training, family members and next of kin can contact you via the Command Duty Officer at (401) 862-4321.

*NOTE:* The person calling must state that you are assigned to Officer Candidate School, and they want to report an emergency. In the event of a medical emergency or death in your immediate family, the Department of Defense requires the party attempting to contact you to do so through their local Red Cross.
You should bring the following items when reporting to OCS:

All Candidates:

a) Permanent Change of Station (PCS) or Reserve Orders and any modifications

b) Copies of prescriptions from civilian physicians if taking prescription medication. At minimum two weeks’ worth of medication should be hand carried with you

c) All medical/dental records and immunization records (military and civilian)

d) A voided check to ensure correct set-up of your direct deposit account for your military pay


f) Recruiter contact information (name, phone, fax and NRD address)

g) Driver's license number, auto insurance policy number, license plate number, vehicle make and model (if you drove to OCS)

Candidates with spouses and dependents:

a) Marriage Certificate (This document is required to add a spouse to DEERS) (original or court certified copy)

b) Spouse's original unexpired identification card (if spouse not already entered into DEERS or if spouse does not have power of attorney)

c) Birth Certificates and Social Security Cards for all dependents (if not already entered into DEERS) (original or court certified copies)

d) Child custody documents (if applicable) (Original)

e) Divorce documents (if applicable) (original)

Candidates serving as active duty Enlisted Sailors:

a) Military Common Access Card

b) Proof of all medals, awards and unit citations

c) Transfer EVAL from previous command

d) SMART transcripts

e) Page Two (Record of Emergency Data)

f) Last PSD point of contact information

Candidates with prior military service

a) All DD-214’s

b) Point capture sheet (Reservists)

c) All DD-368’s

d) NGB-22 (National Guard)

e) Page Two (Record of Emergency Data)

f) Last PSD point of contact information

Candidates enrolled in Collegiate Programs:

a) Military Common Access Card

b) Page Two (Record of Emergency Data)

Recommended items for all Candidates

- Debit/Credit card and Checks (you must bring checks) Candidates should have access to their bank accounts for various expenses throughout training.

- Book of stamps

- Paper list of emergency contact information (phone numbers and email addresses). You will not have access to your cell-phone for a majority of training.

- Due to computer security settings, you will be unable to access most financial institutions while in your first nine weeks of training. Candidates are expected to have all of their financial responsibilities in order and taken care of during this time period prior to their arrival.
Required Items to Bring

You will be issued all necessary uniform items upon arrival at OCS. You will also receive a clothing allowance based on your rank (Prior Chief Petty Officers will not receive this, as they already receive an allowance). Listed on the following page are the items needed to begin training. No more than what is listed should be brought, any excess will be stored.
**Males**

- a) White socks: 7 pairs recommended
- b) White underwear, briefs: 7-10 pairs recommended
- c) White towel and washcloth - 1 each at a minimum

**Personal Toiletries - Basic Items Only (Full size, not travel size)**

- a) Shaving gear with blade replacements (6 weeks worth)
- b) Toothbrush/paste and floss
- c) Deodorant
- d) Soap/Shampoo
- e) Nail Clippers

- **Females**

- a) White basic underwear: 7-10 pair
- b) Bra NOT sports bra (one bra that is white or skin tone to be worn with white uniforms): 3
- c) 5 White Sports Bras
- d) Swimsuit, one piece conservative (Black/Navy Blue)
- e) White towel and washcloth: 1 each at a minimum

**Personal Toiletries - Basic Items Only (Full size, not travel size)**

- a) Feminine Hygiene Products
- b) Toothbrush/paste and floss
- c) Deodorant
- d) Soap/Shampoo
- e) Nail Clippers
- f) Make-up or hair products (gel/mousse/hairspray) may be brought but will not be authorized until the last portion of training
- g) Hair brush

**Other Personal Gear**

- a) Glasses: Sturdy pair with black/brown strap to wear during physical activity. You will be issued a government pair of glasses once you complete your check-in physical. DO NOT forget your glasses.
- b) Contact lenses: Are NOT authorized until graduation.
- c) Running shoes: You will be fitted for and issued a pair of running shoes on the day you check-in. Minimalist shoes are not authorized at OCS.

**Other Authorized Items**

- • Alarm clock
- • Cell phones with charger (after week 9)
- • Wristwatch (black only)
- • Wallet, checkbook and bank card
- • Females only: gold ball stud earrings (after week 9)
Unacceptable Items to bring to OCS

Personal blankets, Electronic equipment (CD players, iPods, radios, video games, etc.), books, tobacco products, over-the-counter medication, or weapons (including edged, pointed, and impact weapons, pocket knives and letter openers).

Leave your sporting gear at home. You will not have the opportunity to use it while at OCS.
Additional Not Authorized Items:

- All aerosol containers
- After-shave/cologne
- Hair care products containing grease
- Lighter fluid
- Matches
- Non-Navy books and magazines
- Cards, dice, gambling paraphernalia
- Large and bulky stationary
- Large plastic picks, rakes, etc., or any made of metal
- Anything in glass containers including mirrors
- Double-edge razor blades
- Cigarettes, cigars, pipes, tobacco, chewing tobacco
- Large deodorants (larger than three ounces)

The following items are NEVER AUTHORIZED:

- Firearms, ammunition
- Fireworks
- Clubs, batons
- Brass knuckles
- All straight razors, knives with blades over 3 inches (knives and blades less than 3 inches in length, ice picks and scissors should be left home)
- Narcotic drugs and any paraphernalia for drug usage such as roach clips, hash pipes, hypodermic needles

All non-prescription drugs and medications will be confiscated and disposed of. These would include, but not be limited to the following:

- Phisoderm, Phisohex and other similar products
- Motion Sickness medication
- Commercial sleeping aides
- Decongestants
- Acne medication
- Antihistamines
- Analgesics
- Eyewash
- Sex-related materials excluding diaphragms and condoms

Drug and Alcohol Abuse:

A positive drug test for illegal drugs will result in your separation from service and prevent future enlistment. Those who test positive for alcohol will be screened for dependency and possible separation from service.

The Navy has a zero tolerance for illegal drugs or alcohol abuse.
Daily Routine
The OCS schedule leaves students little free time. A typical daily schedule is:

0500 – 0700  –  Reveille, PT, Hygiene, Breakfast
0700 – 1130  –  Drill/Academics
1130 – 1230  –  Lunch
1230 – 1700  –  Drill/Academics
1700 – 1800  –  Dinner
1800 – 2100  –  Study
2100 – 2200  –  Hygiene, Preps

Duties and Competition
In every organization, whether at home with your family or aboard ship, someone has to do the housework. At OCS the work is called “sweepers.” Sweepers includes deck swabbing, facility maintenance, lawn care, snow removal and other necessary jobs to ensure good living conditions for all hands.

At OCS, your class will compete for a series of awards for athletic skills, scholastic achievement, military drill, personnel inspections and overall excellence. Guidon streamers are awarded to the winning classes. These are carried in formation and at various events.

Pay
Everyone in the Navy is paid twice a month, by direct deposit to the financial institution of their choice. In order for this to occur you will need to take an already completed Direct Deposit Sign-Up Form, Standard Form 1198A to OCS. Most banks have copies of these forms. The financial institution will need to fill in section 3 of the 1198A prior to your departure for OCS. Ensure you bring your checkbook and ATM card for your account.

Leave
Leave (paid vacation) is earned at a rate of 2.5 days per month while on active duty. While in training at OCS, leave is granted for emergencies only.
**Academic Training**

OCS is designed to prepare you for becoming a commissioned officer by providing you with the basic knowledge of the naval profession and its related military, academic and nautical subjects. It will provide moral, mental and physical development, and instill the highest ideals of duty, honor and loyalty. You will receive specialized follow-on training after OCS to further prepare you for your initial fleet assignment. The training you receive during OCS is divided into the following main units of instruction:

**Naval History:**
You will gain an overview of U.S. Naval history from the Revolutionary War to modern day. Special emphasis will be placed on major Navy wartime campaigns, the development of Navy technology and strategy, and joint warfare operations.

**Engineering and Weapons:**
You will be introduced to the fundamentals of naval propulsion plants, auxiliary systems, and electrical distribution. In addition, you will gain a basic understanding of naval radars, undersea sound propagation, electronic warfare, and weapons.

**Damage Control:**
The damage control curriculum is designed to familiarize you with fire-fighting and flooding controls through hands-on training. At the Fire-Fighting Trainer and Wet Trainer, you will have the opportunity to directly combat fires and flooding with the help of your damage control team.

**Watch Officer:**
This module familiarizes you with naval terminology, equipment, and deck operations. You will learn to use the maneuvering board and how it supports shipboard watchstanding. Navigation training consists of chart work, the study of Navigational Aids, and knowledge of the Rules of the Road. You will be required to read charts and plot simulated movements and positions of a ship at sea. You will also apply these skills in a Conning Officer Virtual Environment simulator.

**Leadership and Ethics:**
You will be engaged in numerous case studies to improve your decision making skills, apply leadership and principles, and discuss ethical dilemmas that Naval officers and leaders may face in the execution of their duties and responsibilities.

**Division Officer Fundamentals:**
You will be taught the various requirements and programs required to execute duties as a division officer, including taking part in scenarios that place the candidate in real world situations where they will have to react to various leadership and personnel challenges. You will be taught subjects that include Suicide Awareness and Prevention, Fraternization, Hazing, Sexual Assault Prevention and Readiness (SAPR), Command Managed Equal Opportunity (CMEO), Operational Risk Management (ORM), Navy E-Learning, Personally Identifiable Information (PII), GI Bill, and the Fleet and Family Support Center. Students will also learn basic military rank structure, naval customs and courtesies, chain of command structure, components of naval strategy, naval doctrine and platforms, different warfare arenas, and the threats we currently face worldwide. In addition, you will learn different administrative aspects of being a naval officer, including records, advancement, classified information handling, career advancement, and pay. Finally students will become familiar with subjects that include the Military Code of Conduct, the Uniform Code of Military Justice, investigations, Non-Judicial Punishment, Courts-Martial procedures, and administrative discharges.
Military Training
Military training at Officer Candidate School is comprised of the following major categories:

Physical Training:
There are four Physical Fitness Assessments (PFA) at OCS; the Initial Strength Test (IST), In-PFA, Mid-PFA and the Out-PFA. Passing requirements are Satisfactory Medium for each event on the IST; passing requirements continuously increase for each of the subsequent assessments.

Room, Locker and Personnel Inspections (RLP):
A candidate’s room is subject to inspection anytime. Candidates must demonstrate the ability to maintain both uniform and room standards, attention to detail, and knowledge retention.

Personnel Inspections (PIs):
Each candidate will be inspected for proper uniform, haircut, shave, knowledge, hygiene and general military appearance.

Drill:
Numerous hours are spent learning and practicing drill. Training culminates in a graded drill competition where you will be graded on your drill proficiency.

OCS Culminating Event (Battle Stations):
Candidates will be put through numerous challenging events to test their mental, physical, and leadership abilities in a rigorous and lengthy final evaluation.
Sexual Harassment Policy

Sexual harassment is a form of sexual discrimination that involves unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when:

* submission to or rejection of such conduct is made, either explicitly or implicitly, a term or condition of a person’s job or career;

* submission to or rejection of such conduct by a person is used as a basis for career or employment decisions affecting that person;

* such conduct interferes with an individual’s performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive environment.

Any person in a supervisory or command position who uses or condones implicitly or explicitly sexual behavior to control, influence or affect the pay, job or career of a military member or civilian employee is engaging in sexual harassment. Similarly, any military member or civilian who makes deliberate or repeated unwelcome verbal comments, gestures or physical contact of a sexual nature is also engaging in sexual harassment.

Sexual harassment violates standards of behavior required of all Department of the Navy personnel. Behavior in the work environment must remain professional and conducive to maximum efficiency and proficiency. Sexual harassment is unacceptable conduct; it debilitates morale, interferes with the work productivity of an organization and can cause serious psychological stress for the recipient.

The Navy’s policy is to ensure that all employees have an equal opportunity in all aspects of employment and are free from sexual harassment in any form. It is expected that each service member fully supports a continuing commitment to exhibit the highest professional behavior and courtesy in accomplishing its mission.

It is the responsibility of every member of the U.S. Navy to ensure that sexual harassment is prevented and that any instance of sexual harassment is dealt with swiftly, fairly and effectively.

If at anytime, while in the Delayed Entry Program, you feel you have been made a victim of inappropriate behavior or sexual harassment call the Office of the Inspector General for Navy Recruiting Command at 1-800-522-3451.
Conflict can be defined as a disagreement between two or more people that raises serious concerns and needs to be resolved. When conflict is not resolved, serious problems may occur.

One of the simplest and most effective methods to resolve conflict is to use the Informal Resolution System that enables you to resolve conflict at the work place at the lowest possible level.

When a conflict arises, try to determine if the behavior falls into one of the following categories:

* **RED (unacceptable)**
* **YELLOW (inappropriate)**
* **GREEN (acceptable)**

Ask yourself what happened? What was the impact of the behavior? Did it disrupt the work environment?

**RED** means “Stop! Don’t do it!” Red zone behavior is always unacceptable and includes asking for sexual favors in return for a good performance evaluation, making supervisory decisions because of a person’s race or gender or sending hate mail. The most severe forms of red zone behavior are clearly criminal, like rape or sexual assault.

**YELLOW** means “Use caution. Prepare for red.” Yellow zone behavior is regarded as inappropriate by most people and includes making racial, ethnic or sexual comments or jokes, violating personal space; and touching someone in a sexually suggestive manner. How yellow behavior is perceived depends on the situation and the individuals involved.

**GREEN** means “Go. It’s all right.” Green zone behavior is acceptable and includes normal social interaction, polite compliment, touching that could not reasonably be perceived in a sexual or threatening way and friendly conversation.

When a conflict occurs, there are several options to resolve your problem including:

* **Direct approach in writing or in person.**
  When approaching an individual in person, use a courteous manner in trying to resolve the conflict. Don’t add to the conflict by being angry. If writing to the individual, state the facts, your feelings about the behavior and an expected resolution.

* **Informal third party.**
  Request assistance from another person who could serve as a mediator to help solve the conflict.

The Navy has formal systems in place to report and resolve cases of discrimination, harassment or other forms of inappropriate behavior if you are unable to resolve the conflict using the Informal Resolution System.

If you feel you have been a victim of discrimination, harassment or inappropriate behavior, or require assistance in using the formal system, call the Office of the Inspector General for the Navy Recruiting Command at 1-800-522-3451.
Gouge

Gouge is a term for any information (true or otherwise) you may need to know. At OCS, gouge, with respect to knowledge, refers to required information which can be demanded by staff.

Gouge can be found in the Officer Candidate Regulations (OCR) which is found in each berthing compartment. This will need to be memorized VERBATIM. By taking the time to learn this information beforehand, you will save a great deal of time while at OCS and be ahead of the majority of your class who have not seen this information. The required OCR knowledge is available on the OCS website: http://www.netc.navy.mil/nstc/otcn/index.html
GENERAL ORDERS OF A SENTRY

Sir/Ma’am, the ________ general order of a sentry is to:

1. Take charge of this post and all government property in view.

2. Walk my post in a military manner, keeping always on the alert, and observing everything that takes place within sight or hearing.

3. Report all violations of the orders I am instructed to enforce.

4. Repeat all calls more distant from the guardhouse than my own.

5. Quit my post only when properly relieved.

6. Receive, obey and pass on to the sentry who relieves me all orders from the Commanding Officer, Command Duty Officer, Officer of the Deck and Non-Commissioned Officers of the Watch only.

7. Talk to no one except in the line of duty.

8. Give the alarm in case of fire or disorder.

9. Call the Officer of the Deck in any case not covered by instructions.

10. Salute all Officers and all colors and standards not cased.

11. Be especially watchful at night and during the time for challenging, to challenge all persons on or near my post, and allow no one to pass without proper authority.
CHAIN OF COMMAND

Sir/Ma’am, The _______ person in this indoctrination/officer candidate’s chain of command is the:

1. Section Leader: ________________________________________________________________
2. Class Chief Petty Officer and Class Drill Instructor: ________________________________
3. Class Officer: _________________________________________________________________
4. Leading Class Officer: __________________________________________________________
5. Course Supervisor of OCS: _______________________________________________________
6. Executive Officer, Officer Training Command Newport: _____________________________
7. Commanding Officer, Officer Training Command Newport: _________________________
8. Commander, Naval Service Training Command: _________________________________
9. Commander, Naval Education and Training Command: ____________________________
10. Chief of Naval Operations: ____________________________________________________
11. Secretary of the Navy: _________________________________________________________
12. Secretary of Defense: __________________________________________________________
13. President of the United States: ________________________________________________
THE CODE OF CONDUCT

Sir/Ma’am, the ________ Article of the Code of Conduct is:

1. I am an American, fighting in the forces which guard my country and our way of life. I am prepared to give my life in their defense.

2. I will never surrender of my own free will. If in command, I will never surrender the members of my command while they still have the means to resist.

3. If I am captured, I will continue to resist by all means available. I will make every effort to escape and aid others to escape. I will accept neither parole nor special favors from the enemy.

4. If I become a prisoner of war (POW), I will keep faith with my fellow prisoners. I will give no information nor take part in any action which might be harmful to my comrades. If I am senior, I will take command. If not, I will obey the lawful orders of those appointed over me and will back them up in every way.

5. When questioned, should I become a prisoner of war, I am required to give name, rank, service number and date of birth. I will evade answering further questions to the utmost of my ability. I will make no oral or written statements disloyal to my country and its allies or harmful to their cause.

6. I will never forget that I am an American, fighting for freedom, responsible for my actions, and dedicated to the principles which made my country free. I will trust in my God and in the United States of America.
Ranks and Insignia
NAVY OFFICER RANK STRUCTURE

1. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-1 in the United States Navy is an Ensign. The insignia is a one gold bar collar device, or one 1/2-inch gold stripe outboard of one gold five-pointed star on black shoulder boards, or one 1/2-inch gold stripe below one gold five-pointed star on service dress blue uniform sleeves.

2. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-2 in the United States Navy is a Lieutenant Junior Grade. The insignia is a one silver bar collar device, or one 1/2-inch gold stripe outboard of one 1/4-inch gold stripe outboard of one gold five-pointed star on black shoulder boards, or one 1/2-inch gold stripe below one 1/4-inch gold stripe below one gold five-pointed star on service dress blue uniform sleeves.

3. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-3 in the United States Navy is a Lieutenant. The insignia is a two silver bar collar device, or two 1/2-inch gold stripes outboard of one gold five-pointed star on black shoulder boards, or two 1/2-inch gold stripes below one gold five-pointed star on service dress blue uniform sleeves.

4. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-4 in the United States Navy is a Lieutenant Commander. The insignia is a one gold oak leaf collar device, or one 1/2-inch gold stripe outboard of one 1/4-inch gold stripe outboard of one 1/2-inch gold stripe outboard of one gold five-pointed star on black shoulder boards, or one 1/2-inch gold stripe below one 1/4-inch gold stripe below one 1/2-inch gold stripe below one gold five-pointed star on service dress blue uniform sleeves.

5. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-5 in the United States Navy is a Commander. The insignia is a one silver oak leaf collar device, or three 1/2-inch gold stripes outboard of one gold five-pointed star on black shoulder boards, or three 1/2-inch gold stripes below one gold five-pointed star on service dress blue uniform sleeves.

6. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-6 in the United States Navy is a Captain. The insignia is a one silver eagle collar device, or four 1/2-inch gold stripes outboard of one gold five-pointed star on black shoulder boards, or four 1/2-inch gold stripes below one gold five-pointed star on service dress blue uniform sleeves.
7. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-7 in the United States Navy is a Rear Admiral (Lower Half). The insignia is a one silver five-pointed star collar device, or one silver five-pointed star outboard of one silver fouled anchor on gold shoulder boards, or one two-inch gold stripe below one gold five-pointed star on service dress blue uniform sleeves.

8. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-8 in the United States Navy is a Rear Admiral (Upper Half). The insignia is a two silver five-pointed star collar device, or two silver five-pointed stars outboard of one silver fouled anchor on gold shoulder boards, or one two-inch gold stripe below one 1/2-inch gold stripe below one gold five-pointed star on service dress blue uniform sleeves.

9. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-9 in the United States Navy is a Vice Admiral. The insignia is a three silver five-pointed star collar device, or three silver five-pointed stars outboard of one silver fouled anchor on gold shoulder boards, or one two-inch gold stripe below two 1/2-inch gold stripes below one gold five-pointed star on service dress blue uniform sleeves.

10. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-10 in the United States Navy is an Admiral. The insignia is a four silver five-pointed star collar device, or four silver five-pointed stars outboard of one silver fouled anchor on gold shoulder boards, or one two-inch gold stripe below three 1/2-inch gold stripes below one gold five-pointed star on service dress blue uniform sleeves.

11. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-11 in the United States Navy is a Fleet Admiral. The insignia is a five silver five-pointed star collar device, or five silver five-pointed stars outboard of one silver fouled anchor on gold shoulder boards, or one two-inch gold stripe below four 1/2-inch gold stripes below one gold five-pointed star on service dress blue uniform sleeves.
NAVY WARRANT OFFICER RANK INSIGNIA
(shoulder board & collar device)

NAVY WARRANT OFFICER RANK STRUCTURE

1. Sir/Ma’am, a W-2 in the United States Navy is a Chief Warrant Officer Two (CWO2). The insignia is a single bar collar device with a blue background and two gold breaks, or a gold 1/2-inch stripe with 3 blue breaks on a black shoulder board or the service dress blue uniform sleeve.

2. Sir/Ma’am, a W-3 in the United States Navy is a CWO3. The insignia is a single bar collar device with a blue background and one silver break, or a gold 1/2-inch stripe with two blue breaks on a black shoulder board or the service dress blue uniform sleeve.

3. Sir/Ma’am, a W-4 in the United States Navy is a CWO4. The insignia is a single bar collar device with a blue background and two silver breaks, or a gold 1/2-inch stripe with one blue break on a black shoulder board or the service dress blue uniform sleeve.

4. Sir/Ma’am, a W-5 in the United States Navy is a CWO5. The insignia is a single bar collar device with a silver background and a horizontal blue line, or a gold 1/2-inch stripe with a horizontal line and a blue break on a black shoulder board or the service dress blue uniform sleeve.
NAVY ENLISTED RANK STRUCTURE

1. Sir/Ma’am, an E-1 in the United States Navy is a Seaman Recruit. They have no insignia.

2. Sir/Ma’am, an E-2 in the United States Navy is a Seaman Apprentice. The insignia is two parallel diagonal slashes.

3. Sir/Ma’am, an E-3 in the United States Navy is a Seaman. The insignia is three parallel diagonal slashes.

4. Sir/Ma’am, an E-4 in the United States Navy is a Petty Officer Third Class. The insignia is one chevron below one eagle.

5. Sir/Ma’am, an E-5 in the United States Navy is a Petty Officer Second Class. The insignia is two chevrons below one eagle.

6. Sir/Ma’am, an E-6 in the United States Navy is a Petty Officer First Class. The insignia is three chevrons below one eagle.

7. Sir/Ma’am, an E-7 in the United States Navy is a Chief Petty Officer. The insignia is three chevrons below one rocker below one eagle. In khaki uniform his insignia will be a gold fouled anchor collar device with a silver USN centered across the anchor.

8. Sir/Ma’am, an E-8 in the United States Navy is a Senior Chief Petty Officer. The insignia is three chevrons below one rocker below one eagle below one star centered above the eagle. In khaki uniform his insignia will be a gold fouled anchor collar device with a silver USN centered across the anchor below one silver star.

9. Sir/Ma’am, an E-9 in the United States Navy is a Master Chief Petty Officer. The insignia is three chevrons below one rocker below one eagle below two stars centered above the eagle. In khaki uniform his insignia will be a gold fouled anchor collar device with a silver USN centered across the anchor below two silver stars.

10. Sir/Ma’am, The Master Chief Petty Officer of the Navy is an E-9. The insignia is three chevrons below one rocker below one eagle below three stars centered above the eagle. In khaki uniform, his insignia will be a gold fouled anchor collar device with a silver USN centered across the anchor below three silver stars.
MARINE CORPS OFFICER RANK INSIGNIA

MARINE CORPS OFFICER RANK STRUCTURE

1. Sir, Ma’am, an 0-1 in the United States Marine Corps is a Second Lieutenant. The insignia is a one gold bar collar device.

2. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-2 in the United States Marine Corps is a First Lieutenant. The insignia is a one silver bar collar device.

3. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-3 in the United States Marine Corps is a Captain. The insignia is a two silver bar collar device.

4. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-4 in the United States Marine Corps is a Major. The insignia is a one gold oak leaf collar device.

5. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-5 in the United States Marine Corps is a Lieutenant Colonel. The insignia is a one silver oak leaf collar device.

6. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-6 in the United States Marine Corps is a Colonel. The insignia is a one silver eagle collar device.

7. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-7 in the United States Marine Corps is a Brigadier General. The insignia is a one silver star collar device.

8. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-8 in the United States Marine Corps is a Major General. The insignia is a two silver stars collar device.

9. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-9 in the United States Marine Corps is a Lieutenant General. The insignia is a three silver stars collar device.

10. Sir/Ma’am, an 0-10 in the United States Marine Corps is a General. The insignia is a four silver stars collar device.
1. Sir/Ma’am, a W-2 in the United States Marine Corps is a CWO2. The insignia is a bar with a red background and two gold breaks.

2. Sir/Ma’am, a W-3 in the United States Marine Corps is a CWO3. The insignia is a bar with a red background and one silver break.

3. Sir/Ma’am, a W-4 in the United States Marine Corps is a CWO4. The insignia is a bar with a red background and two silver breaks.

4. Sir/Ma’am, a W-5 in the United States Marine Corps is a CWO5. The insignia is a bar with a silver background and a horizontal red line.
### MARINE CORPS ENLISTED RANK INSIGNIA

#### MARINE CORPS ENLISTED RANK STRUCTURE

1. Sir/Ma’am, an E-1 in the United States Marine Corps is a Private. They have no insignia.

2. Sir/Ma’am, an E-2 in the United States Marine Corps is a Private First Class. The insignia is one chevron.

3. Sir/Ma’am, an E-3 in the United States Marine Corps is a Lance Corporal. The insignia is one chevron over crossed rifles.

4. Sir/Ma’am, an E-4 in the United States Marine Corps is a Corporal. The insignia is two chevrons over crossed rifles.

5. Sir/Ma’am, an E-5 in the United States Marine Corps is a Sergeant. The insignia is three chevrons over crossed rifles.

6. Sir/Ma’am, an E-6 in the United States Marine Corps is a Staff Sergeant. The insignia is three chevrons over crossed rifles over one rocker.

7. Sir/Ma’am, an E-7 in the United States Marine Corps is a Gunnery Sergeant. The insignia is three chevrons over crossed rifles over two rockers.

8. Sir/Ma’am, an E-8 in the United States Marine Corps is a Master Sergeant. The insignia is three chevrons over crossed rifles over three rockers.

9. Sir/Ma’am, an E-8 in the United States Marine Corps is a First Sergeant. The insignia is three chevrons over one diamond over three rockers.

10. Sir/Ma’am, an E-9 in the United States Marine Corps is a Master Gunnery Sergeant. The insignia is three chevrons over a bursting bomb over four rockers.

11. Sir/Ma’am, an E-9 in the United States Marine Corps is a Sergeant Major. The insignia is three chevrons over one star over four rockers.

12. Sir/Ma’am, the Sergeant Major of the United States Marine Corps is an E-9. The insignia is three chevrons over the Marine Corps emblem centered between two, five-pointed stars over four rockers.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Insignia</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Private</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Private Insignia" /></td>
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<tr>
<td>Private First Class</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Private First Class Insignia" /></td>
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<tr>
<td>Lance Corporal</td>
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<tr>
<td>Corporal</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sergeant</td>
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<tr>
<td>Staff Sergeant</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Staff Sergeant Insignia" /></td>
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<tr>
<td>Gunnery Sergeant</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Gunnery Sergeant Insignia" /></td>
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<tr>
<td>Master Sergeant</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Master Sergeant Insignia" /></td>
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<tr>
<td>First Sergeant</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="First Sergeant Insignia" /></td>
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<tr>
<td>Master Gunnery Sergeant</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Master Gunnery Sergeant Insignia" /></td>
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<tr>
<td>Sergeant Major</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sergeant Major of the Marine Corps</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Sergeant Major of the Marine Corps Insignia" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
BREAST INSIGNIA

Naval Aviator
Naval Flight Officer
Submarine Officer
Surface Warfare Officer
Information Dominance Warfare Officer
Seabee Combat Warfare
Special Warfare

SLEEVE DEVICES FOR LINE AND STAFF CORPS

Line
Jag Corps
Medical Corps
Dental Corps
Medical Service Corps
Nurse Corps
Supply Corps
Civil Engineering
Additional Information
Prohibited Activities

1. Fraternization
2. Socializing between candidates and staff
3. Dating between candidates
4. Private meetings behind closed doors between candidates of the opposite sex
5. Public displays of affection or sexual contact between candidates
6. Consumption or storage of alcohol in OTCN spaces
7. The use of tobacco at any time, on or off duty
8. Gambling
9. The application of new tattoos
10. Hazing
11. Motorcycle riding/driving
12. Driving/riding in motor vehicles without the permission of the Class Officer
13. Participation in hazardous activities (skydiving, bungee jumping, etc.)
14. Candidates will be briefed on all prohibited activities during Indoctrination Week.

A Candidate does not lie, cheat or steal, nor tolerate those who do.
### PHONETIC ALPHABET

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Letter</th>
<th>Phonetic</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Alpha</td>
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<td>B</td>
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<td>Foxtrot</td>
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<td>Zulu</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### FIFTEEN LEADERSHIP TRAITS:

Remember these by this mnemonic aid:

**JJ DID TIE BUCKLE H.**

1. Judgement
2. Justice
3. Decisiveness
4. Initiative
5. Dedication
6. Tact
7. Integrity
8. Endurance
9. Bearing
10. Unselfishness
11. Courage
12. Knowledge
13. Loyalty
14. Enthusiasm
15. Honor
Adrift: loose from moorings and out of control (applied to anything lost, out of hand or left lying about)

Aft-end: near or toward the stern of the vessel

All hands: the entire ship’s company, both officer and enlisted

Allotment: an amount of money a member has designated to be withheld from pay and sent directly to another person or organization (i.e., bank or credit union)

Aye-aye: reply to an order or command meaning “I understand and will comply.”

Barracks: building where Sailors live

Below: downstairs

Brightwork: brass or shiny metal kept polished rather than painted

Bulkhead: wall

Bunk or rack: bed

Buoy: an anchored float used as an aid to navigation or to mark the location of an object

Carry on: an order to resume work or duties

Cast off: to throw off; to let go to unfurl

Chain locker: compartment in which anchor chain is stowed

Chit, chit book: coupon or receipt book

Chow hall (mess deck): place to eat

Colors: raising or lowering of a national flag, ceremonies held at 0800 and sunset for hoisting and hauling down the national ensign

Deck: horizontal planking or plating that divides a ship into layers (floor)

Deep six: to dispose of by throwing over the side

Ensign: national flag; commissioned officer between the rank of chief warrant officer and lieutenant junior grade

Fast: snugly secured

Fathom: a unit of length equal to 6 feet used for measuring the depth of water

Field day: general cleaning day, usually the day before an inspection

First lieutenant: officer responsible to the XO for the deck department/division aboard ship, or the command maintenance supervisor ashore

Flag officer: any commissioned officer in paygrade 0-7 or above

Galley: kitchen

Gangway: the opening in a bulwark or lifeline that provides access to a brow or accommodation ladder; an order meaning to clear the way

Gear locker: storage room

Geedunk: candy, gum or cafeteria

General quarters: battle stations

Ground tackle: all the equipment used in mooring or anchoring a ship

Head: bathroom

Jack box: access box to sound powered phone circuitry
Ladder: a device to allow movement of personnel from one level to another; stairs
Leave: authorized vacation
Liberty: permission to leave the base, usually for not more than 48 hours
Life line: lines erected around the weatherdecks of a ship to prevent personnel from falling or being washed over the side
Overhead: ceiling
Passageway: hall
Quarters: assembling of all hands for muster, instruction and inspection
Rating: a job specialty title
Reveille: wake up, start a new day
Scullery: place to wash dishes
Scuttlebutt: drinking fountain; a rumor
Secure: lock, put away or stop work
Sickbay: hospital or clinic
Swab: mop
Taps: time to sleep, end of day
Tattoo: five minutes before taps
Topside: upstairs
Turn to: to begin work
Working aloft: working above the highest deck; generally performing maintenance on the ship’s mast
ANCHORS AWEIGH

Stand, Navy out to sea
Fight our-battle cry
We’ll never change our course
So vicious foes steer shy-y-y-y
Roll out the TNT
Anchors aweigh
Sail on to victory, and
Sink their bones to Davy Jones, hooray!

Anchors aweigh, my boys
Anchors aweigh
Farewell to foreign shores
We’ll sail at the break of day-ay-ay-ay
Through our last night ashore,
Drink to the foam
Until we meet once more.
Here’s wishing you a happy voyage home!

Blue of the mighty deep
Gold of God’s great sun
Let these our colors be
Till all time be done-n-n-ne
On seven seas we learn
Navy’s stern call
Faith, Courage, Service true
With honor, over honor, over all.
MARINE HYMN

From the Halls of Montezuma,
To the Shores of Tripoli;
We fight our country’s battles
In the air, on land, and sea;
First to fight for right and freedom
And to keep our honor clean;
We are proud to claim the title
Of UNITED STATES MARINES.

Our flag’s unfurled to every breeze,
From dawn to setting sun;
We have fought in every clime and place
Where we could take a gun;
In the snow of far off northern lands
And in sunny tropic scenes;
You will find us always on the job —
The UNITED STATES MARINES.

Here’s health to you and to our Corps
Which we are proud to serve;
In many a strife we’ve fought for life
And never lost our nerve;
If the Army and the Navy
Ever look on Heaven’s scenes;
They will find the streets are guarded
By UNITED STATES MARINES.
THE SAILOR’S CREED

I am a United States Sailor.

I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States of America and I will obey the orders of those appointed over me.

I represent the fighting spirit of the Navy and those who have gone before me to defend freedom and democracy around the world.

I proudly serve my country’s Navy combat team with honor, courage and commitment.

I am committed to excellence and the fair treatment of all.
THE NAVY’S MISSION

To recruit, train, equip, and organize to deliver combat ready Naval forces to win conflicts and wars while maintaining security and deterrence through sustained forward presence.

The Navy has divided its mission into four mission areas:

1. Strategic Deterrence
2. Sea Control
3. Projection of Power Ashore
4. Naval Presence

WARFARE

Levels of War
Strategic level focuses on supporting national goals. Operational level concerns forces collectively in theater. Tactical level involves the details of individual engagements.

War at Sea
War at sea is the application of decisive offensive force to achieve control of the sea which is the first step in establishing our superiority in any region.

Littoral Warfare
Littoral warfare is warfare in that portion of the world's land masses, adjacent to the oceans within direct control of and vulnerable to the striking power of sea-based forces.

Naval Tactical Mission
• Strike Warfare – Any combination of naval forces that intends to inflict damage on or destroy the target objective.
• Amphibious Warfare – Establishing a landing force on a hostile shore.
• Electronic Warfare (EW) – Deny the enemy effective use of the electromagnetic spectrum.
• Air Warfare (AW) – Those actions required to destroy or reduce the enemy air and missile threat to an acceptable level.
• Undersea Warfare (USW) – Those actions taken to deny the enemy effective use of his submarines and the undersea environment.
• Surface Warfare (SUW) – Deny the enemy effective use of his surface warships and merchant capability.
The DEP PQS system ensures DEP personnel attain, demonstrate and sustain the basic knowledge and skill levels necessary for a smooth transition from civilian life to entry level Navy Officer training.

DEP PQS has two phases: The training phase and the sign-off phase. During the training phase, you will be expected to learn fundamental information about the U.S. Navy. During the sign-off phase, you will be required to demonstrate, verbally and/or physically, information learned during the training phase.

TRAINING PHASE

Reference material for each category is listed at the end of each module. Your recruiter will provide you reference material as necessary that will assist you in learning required information.

You are required to meet with your recruiter or designated DEP manager at least twice a month. Your recruiter will discuss this with you in more detail.

SIGN-OFF PHASE

You should inform your recruiter when you have a thorough understanding of a complete module. Upon successful verification of your knowledge your recruiter will sign-off the qualifications for that module.

Your completion of DEP PQS is the first step in your Navy Training and your first professional qualification. Good Luck!
**PQS QUALIFICATION SHEET DEP MODULE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of DEP Member</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>Due Date</th>
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</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PQS Standard</th>
<th>Recommended Sequence</th>
<th>Qualifier Signature and Date</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. DEP Responsibility</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Officer Candidate Training</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Military Drill</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Rank and Recognition</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Naval Uniforms</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Customs and Courtesies</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Naval Ships and Aircraft</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Educational Opportunities</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>9. Navy Advancement System</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Safety</td>
<td>10</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. First Aid</td>
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<tr>
<td>12. Personal Hygiene</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Physical Fitness Test</td>
<td>Given when ready</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Final Qualifications</td>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Maximum Qualification Time: 6 months

**PQS Standards**

**1. DEP RESPONSIBILITY**

a. Recite the Eleven General Orders of a Sentry
b. Explain the program in which you were recruited
c. Provide (at least) one referral to your recruiter

(Reference: Naval Officer DEP Guide, Navy Recruiter)
2. OFFICER CANDIDATE TRAINING

a. Explain what to bring to Officer Candidate School (OCS)  

b. Explain reporting procedures at OCS  

c. Explain what to expect at OCS  

d. Explain the necessary attitude to adopt while at OCS  

e. Explain what your significant others should do in case of an emergency while you are at OCS  

f. Explain what you can expect upon graduation from OCS  

g. Explain Physical Fitness Assessment Standards upon arrival at OCS  

(Reference: Naval Officer DEP Guide, OCS Website, Navy Recruiter)

3. MILITARY DRILL

Demonstrate the ability to:

(1) Hand Salute  
(2) Stand at attention  
(3) Stand at parade rest  
(4) Execute a left face  
(5) Execute a right face  
(6) Execute an about face  
(7) Execute dress right dress at normal and close intervals  
(8) Properly uncover  

(Reference: Basic Military Requirements (NAVEDTRA 14325), Demonstration, Navy Recruiter)

4. RANK AND RECOGNITION

a. Name and identify enlisted rates from E-1 through E-9 (Navy and Marine Corps)  

b. Name and identify officer ranks from O-1 through O-10 (Navy and Marine Corps)  

c. Demonstrate the ability to recognize rank and rating insignias for both officer and enlisted  

d. Name and identify different warfare devices  

e. State the purpose of identification cards and recognize the information contained on an armed forces identification card/tag  

(Reference: Basic Military Requirements (NAVEDTRA 14325; Naval Officer DEP Guide, Navy Recruiter))
5. NAVAL UNIFORMS

a. Name and describe the basic uniforms
b. Describe how your cover is properly worn
c. Describe what your “gig” line is
d. Describe how ribbons/medals are worn
e. Describe grooming standards (male and female)
f. Describe techniques for uniform care
g. Describe techniques for shining shoes

(Reference: Basic Military Requirements (NAVEDTRA 14325, Naval Officer DEP Guide, Navy Recruiter; Navy Uniform Regulations))

6. CUSTOMS AND COURTESIES

a. Describe when, where and whom to salute.
b. Describe procedures for arriving and departing the quarterdeck
c. Describe procedures followed during morning and evening colors
d. Identify the two main objectives of the Department of the Navy
e. Identify the duties of the Commanding Officer, Executive Officer, Department Head, Division Officer, Division Chief Petty Officer, and Division Leading Petty Officer

(Reference: Basic Military Requirements (NAVEDTRA 14325, Naval Officer DEP Guide, Navy Recruiter))
7. NAVAL SHIPS AND AIRCRAFT

a. Define the following various terms involving a ship’s structure

(1) Hull ____________________
(2) Waterline ____________________
(3) Freeboard ____________________
(4) Draft ____________________
(5) Forecastle ____________________
(6) Fantail ____________________
(7) Keel ____________________
(8) Deck ____________________
(9) Bulkhead ____________________
(10) Overhead ____________________
(11) Superstructure ____________________
(12) Compartmentation ____________________
(13) Compartment Identification ____________________

b. Identify ships by their designations, characteristics, and functions.

c. Identify naval aircraft by their purpose and model designation.

(Reference: Basic Military Requirements (NAVEDTRA 14325, Naval Officer DEP Guide, Navy Recruiter))

8. EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES

Explain/describe the following:

(1) Post 911 G.I. Bill ____________________
(2) Tuition Assistance Program ____________________
(3) Navy Campus Program ____________________
(4) CLEP testing Program ____________________
(5) PACE Program ____________________
(6) DANTES ____________________
(7) Rate Training Manual ____________________
(8) Naval Correspondence Course ____________________

(Reference: Basic Military Requirements (NAVEDTRA 14325, Navy Recruiter))
9. NAVY ADVANCEMENT SYSTEM

a. Explain in general terms the path of advancement for the enlisted ranks
b. Explain in general terms the path of advancement in the officer ranks
c. Explain the enlisted performance evaluation system
d. Explain the officer fitness report system

(Reference: Basic Military Requirements (NAVEDTRA 14325, Navy Recruiter))

10. SAFETY

a. Explain individual responsibility for safety
b. Identify general safety precautions and hazards
c. Determine proper actions to be taken in various hazardous operations and potentially dangerous situations
d. Explain signs, labels and symbols used to identify hazardous materials
e. Identify the procedures for reporting safety violations
f. Identify the procedures for using and maintaining personal protective equipment
g. Explain the purpose, use and procedure of the Navy tag-out system

(Reference: Basic Military Requirements (NAVEDTRA 14325, Navy Recruiter))
11. FIRST AID

a. Identify the recommended procedures and practices for moving and transporting victims in emergency situations, including conditions in which they may or may not be moved

b. Explain the basic principles, methods and techniques of administering first aid

c. Identify the purpose of and recognize the procedures associated with artificial ventilation

d. Identify the principles of cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and the procedures for its administration

e. Explain the symptoms of airway blockage and the procedures used to relieve such a blockage

f. Identify the correct methods of controlling bleeding

g. Identify the symptoms of shock and the correct procedures used for treating shock

h. Identify the factors used to determine the state of burn injuries and the methods used to administer first aid to victims of various types of burns

i. Identify the cause and treatment of certain heat exposure injuries

j. Identify certain types of fractures and the symptoms associated with the fractures

(Reference: Basic Military Requirements (NAVEDTRA 14325, Navy Recruiter))
12. PHYSICAL FITNESS TESTING

(Non-mandatory but HIGHLY ENCOURAGED for DEP Personnel)
(MANDATORY FOR COLLEGIATE Personnel)

a. Participate in the Navy’s Physical Fitness Testing in connection with your Recruiting District. _________________________

b. Pass the PFA with a minimum score of satisfactory _________________________

13. FINAL QUALIFICATION

I, _________________________, certify that __________________________
(Recruiter’s rank/name) (DEPper/Officer Candidate’s name)
is qualified under the provisions of the DEP PQS program and is fully prepared for Officer Candidate School.
Physical Readiness Standards

The Navy considers a physically fit body as important as a sound mind. The objectives of the physical training classes at OCS are to develop stamina and endurance and to improve your overall physical condition so you can meet demanding physical fitness standards. These objectives are accomplished primarily through the use of calisthenics and a cardiovascular program that includes track and road running.

Physical training instruction begins almost immediately upon arrival. You will be required to complete a physical fitness assessment (PFA) during your first week at OCS. The PFA consists of as many sit-ups as you can do in two minutes, as many push-ups as you can do in two minutes and a 1.5 mile run. You should report in your best possible physical condition. The better shape you’re in, the less susceptible you’ll be to injury. It is highly recommended that you start preparing well ahead of time.
CONDITIONING PROGRAM

You must achieve a minimum score of SATISFACTORY MEDIUM on each exercise in order to start the OCS program. Refer to the OTCN website for full age bracket charts.

Males 20 to 24 years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Push-ups</th>
<th>Curl-ups</th>
<th>1.5 mile run</th>
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Males 25 to 29 years

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<th>1.5 mile run</th>
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Females 20 to 24 years

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Females 25 to 29 years

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<th>1.5 mile run</th>
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Failure to perform any portion of these requirements constitutes an unsatisfactory performance for the entire test. Failure may result in immediate removal from the program or remedial physical training added to your already demanding daily routine.

Form is very important in conduction of push-ups and curl-ups. Please go to the OCS website: http://www.netc.navy.mil/nstc/otcn/ocs_program_requirements.html for additional information on this subject.
Maintaining a smart, military appearance is difficult if a reasonable weight is not maintained. The Navy uses body-fat percentage to determine whether members are within proper weight standards. You must meet the Navy’s body-fat standard in order to become a naval officer.

Height and weight standards are used as a guideline to indicate the need for a body-fat determination. These height and weight standards are provided below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Male Max Weight (lbs.)</th>
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<th>Female Max Weight (lbs.)</th>
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Physical conditioning while in any collegiate program is mandatory and will be strictly monitored and enforced by your Navy Recruiting District.

Physical conditioning programs are voluntary while in the Delayed Entry Program; however, to achieve the level of fitness required at OCS, you need to start the physical conditioning program outlined in this guide.

As with any physical conditioning program, it is important that you include a warm-up and cool-down in your routine.
TOTAL BODY FITNESS
Physical fitness refers to an individual’s ability to efficiently perform both aerobic and strength-related activities and to that individual’s ability to maintain such capacity throughout life. A physically fit person has cardiovascular endurance, anaerobic capacity, muscular strength and endurance.

BALANCED TRAINING
A balanced physical fitness program includes four major training elements: aerobic (cardiovascular), muscle strength and endurance, flexibility and warm-up / cool-down.

CARDIOVASCULAR CONDITIONING
The first step in any conditioning program is to build an aerobic base. This requires two to four sessions per week of continuous aerobic activity (e.g. jogging, brisk walking) for 15 to 30 minutes at a moderate intensity.

The target heart rate for Officer Candidates during exercise is approximately 130 to 150 beats per minute or a perceived exertion of “moderately hard.”

Faster is not better. As long as you get your heart rate into the target range, running a 12-minute mile or a 6-minute mile produces approximately the same aerobic and caloric effect. A minimum of four to six weeks is generally recommended for a healthy young adult to build an aerobic base.

MUSCLE CONDITIONING
Muscle conditioning consists of strength and endurance training. It should occur two to three times per week on non-consecutive days for specific muscle groups.

Calisthenics are exercises that use body weight to produce resistance. They can be used for both muscle strength and endurance training.

FLEXIBILITY TRAINING
Flexibility refers to joint range of motion. The purpose of flexibility training is to produce a permanent stretch in the muscles and connective tissues to allow full joint range of motion.
PHYSICAL FITNESS ROUTINE

Ideally stretching exercises should occur BEFORE AND AFTER any strenuous physical training as follows:

WARM-UP ~ STRETCH ~ EXERCISE SESSION ~ STRETCH

Since muscles are most flexible when they are warm, a 10 to 15 minute warm-up session (e.g. brisk walk, slow jog, light calisthenics) should always precede any stretching exercises to minimize the risk of tearing tissues. The pre-exercise stretching should be activity specific. For example, if the exercise session includes mostly running, the lower extremity muscles should be stretched.

For maximum safety and effectiveness, stretches should be slow and static (no bouncing); held for 10 to 20 seconds; taken to the point of tightness, not pain; and performed with proper bio-mechanical technique. The recommended frequency is three to five times per week.

WARM-UP AND COOL-DOWN

The warm-up should:
• last minimum of 10 minutes
• use large muscle groups
• gradually progress to the target activity (e.g. brisk walking to warm-up running)

The cool-down should:
• last a minimum of 10 minutes
• use the same large muscle groups as the preceding exercise session (e.g. brisk walking to cool-down from running)
• finish with stretching exercises targeting all major muscle groups.

In general, a physical training program should include:
• two sessions per week of aerobic training on non-consecutive days;
• two sessions per week of balanced muscle strength and endurance program on non-consecutive days;
• warm-up and cool-down (including a total body flexibility routine) before and after each exercise session.
AEROBIC CONDITIONING
Warm-Up (10 to 15 minutes)
• jumping jacks
• arm circles
• brisk walk
• knee lifts

Aerobic Conditioning Routine (20 to 40 minutes)
• 1 - 1.5 Mile Run

Cool-Down / Flexibility Training (10-15 minutes)
The cool-down should use the same muscle groups as the preceding exercise session in a similar activity with gradually decreasing intensity (e.g. brisk walking to cool down from running).

Once the cardiovascular system has returned to a near resting state (5 to 10 minutes), the cool-down should conclude with a total body stretching routine. All stretches should be performed in a static manner (no bouncing) and held for 10 to 20 seconds.

STRETCHES
• chest stretch
• posterior shoulder stretch
• triceps stretch
• outer-hip-and-low back stretch
• abdominal stretch
• low back stretch
• piriformis stretch
• hip flexor stretch
• quadriceps stretch
• modified hurdler stretch
• groin or butterfly stretch
• calf stretch
MUSCLE STRENGTH AND ENDURANCE TRAINING

Warm-up (10-15 minutes)
• jumping jacks
• arm circles
• brisk walk
• knee lifts

Muscle Strength & Conditioning Routine (20 to 40 minutes)

Group A
• push-ups (chest and shoulders)
• squats (hamstrings, quadriceps, gluteal)
• toe raises (shin muscles)
• heel raises (calf muscles)
• narrow grip push-ups (chest, triceps)
• front lying chest lifts (backs)
• trunk curls (abdominal)

Group B
• lunges (hamstrings, quadriceps, gluteal)
• outer thigh lifts (hip abductors)
• inner thigh lifts (hip abductors)
• front lying leg lifts (gluteal)
• twisting trunk curls (abdominal, oblique)
• hip rollers (abdominal)

Group A exercises target all the major muscle groups of the body. They should be performed, in the order listed, during each scheduled strength and conditioning session.

Group B exercises may be added for variety and to increase the training stimulus. The number of exercise sets and repetitions performed should gradually progress from week one to week eight. For example, week one: two sets of 20 to 30 reps of each exercise; week eight: two to three sets of 30 to 50 reps of each exercise. You should feel temporary muscle fatigue at the completion of each set. Rest periods between sets should be approximately two minutes.

Cool-Down / Flexibility Training (10 to 15 minutes)
Same as performed in aerobic conditioning

LOW INTENSITY TRAINING AND EXERCISE

Warm-Up (10 to 15 minutes)
• jumping jacks
• arm circles
• brisk walk
• knee lifts

Low Intensity Training & Exercise Routine (30-40 Minutes)

* 1 to 1.5 mile slow jog
CHEST STRETCH

In a standing position, gently clasp both of your hands and place them on the back of your neck. Slowly pull your elbows back until you feel a stretch on your chest. Do not pull your head forward or place tension on the neck.

Caution: You can do this as a partner assisted stretch but they should not force the stretch by aggressively pulling back on the elbows.

POSTERIOR SHOULDER STRETCH

Place your left hand on the back side of your right arm above your elbow on the front of your body and gently pull your arm across your body. You should feel a stretch on the back side of your shoulder and upper arm. Repeat to stretch the opposite side of your body.

TRICEPS STRETCH

Take your left arm and reach behind your back. By placing your right hand on the back side of your left arm, gently push back to achieve a stretch on the left triceps muscle. Repeat on opposite side.
OUTER-HIP-and-LOW BACK STRETCH

While in a long sitting position (legs in front of you with knees straight), cross your left leg over the right. Your left foot should be on the ground at approximately your right knee level. Take your right elbow and place it on the outside of your left knee and gently push your knee towards the right side of your body. You should feel a stretch on the outer portion of your left hip and in your low and mid back region. Repeat to opposite side.

ABDOMINAL STRETCH

On your stomach, place your hands beneath your shoulders and gently push up until you feel a stretch on your abdominal muscles. Do not fully lock out your elbows and hyperextend your back.

Note: If you feel any discomfort in your lower back while performing this exercise, you can reduce the tension by using the "propped on elbow" position.

LOW BACK STRETCH

While lying on your back, gently pull one or both knees to your chest. You should feel a stretch in your low back and buttocks.
PIRIFORMIS STRETCH
While you are lying on your back, gently cross your left leg over your right thigh (both knees are bent at 90 degrees). Take both hands and place on the back side of your right thigh. Gently pull towards your chest until you feel slight tension in your left buttock and outer thigh. Repeat on opposite side.

Note: If you are experiencing low back pain after performing physical activity, seek medical assistance. This exercise should be performed to increase flexibility in this region and may assist in decreasing pain.

HIP FLEXOR STRETCH
In a standing position, place your right foot approximately 3 to 4 feet in front of your left foot (like a lunge). Slowly bend both knees while you lower your body towards the ground. Your right knee should almost be at 90 degrees. Gently push your left hip forward to feel the stretch in the front of your hip. If you don't feel the stretch, gently lean your upper body back.
QUADRICEPS STRETCH

Standing Description:

In a standing position, with a slight bend in your right knee, grab your left ankle with your left hand and maintain your balance. Gently pull your left foot towards your buttocks while making sure your knee is aligned with the body (make sure your knee is not sticking out and it is directly below your hip). You can also stretch out your trapezius (neck) muscles during this quadriceps stretch by bringing your chin to the opposite side of your chest. Repeat to opposite side.

Note: If you are having difficulty balancing you can hold on to a wall or perform this stretch while lying on your side.

On-the-Ground Description:

While lying on your side, with a slight bend in your left knee, grab your right ankle with your right hand and maintain your balance. Gently pull your right foot towards your buttocks while making sure your knee is aligned with the body (make sure the knee is not sticking out and it is directly below your hip. Repeat to opposite side).
MODIFIED HURDLER STRETCH

While sitting in a v-position, gently pull your left foot towards your groin area. Your right leg will remain straight with a slight bend in the knee. Gently lean forward and reach for your toes on your right leg to stretch out your hamstring. Repeat to opposite side.

Note: The stretch will be more difficult if you try to perform the hamstring stretch while you pull your toes back towards your body (vs. pointed).

GROIN or BUTTERFLY STRETCH

While sitting with the upper body nearly vertical and legs straight, bend both knees, and bring the soles of the feet together. Pull feet toward your body. Gently place your hands on your feet and your elbows on your knees. Pull your upper body slightly forward as your elbows push down. You should feel a stretch in your groin area.

CALF STRETCH

In a push-up position, cross the right foot over the left. With the left knee straight, gently push the left heel toward the deck. You will feel a stretch in the left calf. Hold for 15 seconds. Repeat to opposite side.

Note: Your body should remain in a straight line from your shoulders to your ankle to prevent low back injury and to strengthen your core muscles.
CURL-UPS

Curl-ups are a good exercise for strengthening the abdominal muscles. Curl-ups must be done with the knees flexed to 90 degrees to eliminate the curve in the low back. The abdominal muscles should be contracted. The head should be lifted off the floor and the trunk should curl into the sit-up position. Alteration of this technique may cause additional strain to the low back. It is necessary only to do a partial curl-up to provide maximum benefit to the abdominal muscles. A full sit-up may place additional stress on the lower back.

In the sitting position flex your knees to 90 degrees and fold your arms across your chest. With a partner holding your feet to the floor, begin from the prone position and curl the trunk into a sit-up, touching elbows to thighs (Diagram 1). Then lie back touching your shoulder blades to the deck (Diagram 2).

PUSH-UPS

Push-ups are a measure of your upper body strength (chest, shoulders and triceps). Always use correct form to prevent injury and to improve core strength and performance.

Start in the rest position (Diagram 3). Assume the front leaning position with hands approximately shoulder width apart and feet together. The arms, back, buttocks and legs must be straight from head to heels and must remain so throughout the push-up.

Begin the push-up by bending the elbow and lowering the entire body until the top of the upper arms are parallel to the deck (Diagram 4) and the elbows are bent at a 90 degree angle. Remember to keep the arms, back, buttocks and legs aligned throughout the push-up motion.

Return to the starting position by extending the elbows until the arms are almost straight. Do not lock your elbows (Diagram 3).
OFFICER CANDIDATE SWIM QUALIFICATION

When you arrive at OCS, you will have to pass the test for Swimmer, Third Class, which is the official Navy Standard Basic Swimming Test. Your test will be conducted in a monitored, controlled environment.

Candidates who are evaluated as being unsafe in the water will be removed from training and given remedial swim training.

Candidates who are unable to successfully complete the swim test, following extensive remedial instruction, will be considered for attrition from the program.

It is very important that you arrive at OCS with the skills to pass this test. (Talk to your recruiter about ways to accomplish this preparatory training.)

Third Class Swim Test consists of the following:

- **Abandon Ship Jump**: Jump from a 3 meter tower to simulate abandoning ship.
- **50 yard swim**: Using any single following stroke or combination of the crawl, breaststroke, sidestroke, and elementary backstroke.
- **5 minute Prone Float**: Remain afloat face down, utilizing survival floating skills, for five minutes.
- **Shirt and Trouser inflation**: Fill a shirt and pair of trousers with air to remain afloat.

***IN ALL EVENTS THE SWIMMER MUST APPEAR SAFE, CALM AND RELAXED***
Appendix

Telephone Numbers:
Family Related Emergencies (OTCN CDO):
(401) 862-4321

Office of the Inspector General for Navy Recruiting Command:
1-800-522-3451

Internet Sites
Further Information and Assistance:
http://www.navy.com
Name:____________________________________________________
Active Duty Date:___________________________________________
Commissioning Program:_____________________________________
Recruiter’s Name:___________________________________________
Recruiting Station Address:____________________________________
Recruiter’s Phone Number:____________________________________
Notes:_____________________________________________________
For further information and assistance feel free to visit these internet sites:
1. https://www.ocs.navy.mil
There is a wealth of information to assist you in your preparation.
Be sure and talk with your recruiter!