From: Robert L. Woods, Acting Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Manpower and Reserve Affairs)

To: Presidents, FY-19 Navy Active-Duty Commander Staff Corps Officers Promotion Selection Boards

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-19 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER STAFF CORPS OFFICERS ON THE ACTIVE-DUTY LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF COMMANDER

Ref: (a) FY-19 Navy Active-Duty and Reserve Officer and Chief Warrant Officer Promotion Selection Board Precept

Encl: (1) Board Membership
(2) Recorders and Assistant Recorders
(3) Administrative Support Staff
(4) Statutory and Regulatory Promotion Objectives

1. Date and Location

   a. The promotion selection boards, consisting of you as presidents, the officers listed in enclosure (1) as members, the officers listed as recorders and assistant recorders in enclosure (2), the personnel listed in enclosure (3) as administrative support staff, are ordered to convene at the Navy Personnel Command, Millington, TN, at 0800, March 27, 2018, or as soon as practicable thereafter.

   b. The boards shall proceed in accordance with all guidance in this letter, and the FY-19 Navy Active-Duty and Reserve Officer and Chief Warrant Officer Promotion Selection Board Precept, reference (a), and the Statutory and Regulatory Promotion Objectives, enclosure (4).

2. Promotion Board Authorized Selections. The total number of officers who may be recommended in each competitive category shall be the number that most closely approximates the percentage set forth below of in-zone eligible officers determined as of the date the boards convene. The Chief of Naval Personnel shall determine the number of in-zone eligible officers on the convening date, calculate the number that may be recommended for promotion under the percentages set forth in the FY-19 Navy Active-Duty Officer Promotion Plan, and furnish the
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number to the boards. If the computation results in a fraction of a number of 0.5 or greater, that fraction is rounded up to the nearest whole number. If the computation results in a fraction of a number less than 0.5, that fraction is rounded down to the nearest whole number. The boards may recommend up to the number provided by the Chief of Naval Personnel.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMPETITIVE CATEGORY</th>
<th>PERCENT TO SELECT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medical Corps</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dental Corps</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Service Corps</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Judge Advocate General's Corps</td>
<td>75</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nurse Corps</td>
<td>70</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supply Corps</td>
<td>75</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chaplain Corps</td>
<td>80</td>
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<tr>
<td>Civil Engineer Corps</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited Duty Officer (Staff)</td>
<td>40</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

3. **Equal Consideration of Officers “In Zone” and “Above Zone.”**
   As detailed above, the number of in-zone eligible officers is used only to calculate the total number of selects authorized; there are no individual zone selection limitations or expectations. Accordingly, in determining which officers are best and fully qualified for promotion, you are required to equally consider both above-zone and in-zone officers.

4. **Consideration of Active-Duty Officers “Below the Zone.”** The board shall identify exceptional officers from below the zone and consider selecting them for promotion to the grade of commander. The board must ensure that these exceptional below-zone candidates are fully considered for promotion if they meet the best and fully qualified standard. A number not to exceed 10 percent of the total selections authorized for each grade and competitive category may be selected from below-zone unless the number calculated is less than 1, in which case the number that may be selected from below-zone is 1.

5. **Best and Fully Qualified Selection Standard**
   a. **Fully Qualified.** All officers recommended for promotion must be fully qualified; that is, each officer recommended must
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be capable of performing the duties of the next higher pay
grade. Officers who do not meet that standard shall not be
recommended for promotion.

(1) Officers fully qualified for promotion demonstrate
an appropriate level of leadership, professional skills,
integrity, management acumen, grounding in business practices,
and resourcefulness in difficult and challenging assignments.
Their personal and professional attributes include adaptability,
intelligent risk-taking, critical thinking, innovation,
adherence to Navy and DoD ethical standards, physical fitness,
and loyalty to the Navy core values.

(2) The Navy is composed of men and women representing
dozens of different ethnic groups and hundreds of cultural
heritages. Fully qualified officers must be capable of leading
personnel from widely varying backgrounds and mentoring a
diverse workforce while executing the Navy's strategic diversity
initiatives. The Navy's ability to meet this leadership
challenge depends, in part, on having leaders who reflect our
very best, including performance, professional experience, and
education.

b. **Best Qualified.** Among the fully qualified officers, you
must recommend for promotion the best qualified officers within
their respective competitive category. Proven and sustained
superior performance in command or other leadership positions in
difficult and challenging assignments is a definitive measure of
fitness for promotion. Furthermore, successful performance and
leadership in combat conditions demonstrate exceptional
promotion potential and should be given special consideration.
Each board member shall apply this guidance when deliberating
and voting. Additionally, members will use the considerations
below to guide their determination of the best qualified
officers.

c. **Skill Requirements.** The Navy must focus on the skill
sets mandated by current needs and on developing the
professional competencies required in our future leadership.
The Navy and joint force leadership need to comprise a diverse
blend of male and female officers who have excelled in both
traditional and specialized career paths. You shall give
favorable consideration to the critical competency/skill sets developed by officers who have excelled in specialized career paths.

(1) The following guidance, in the form of "minimum" and "requirements" language, addresses particular shortfalls in the Navy. The minimum number should only be attained if there is a sufficient number of officers determined best qualified among those fully qualified officers who address the particular shortfall.

(2) Critical Requirements. Currently, the Navy has a critical need for officers with the competencies/skills listed below. The selection minimum number for officers with the identified competencies/skills is provided below. This number should only be attained if there are a sufficient number of officers determined best qualified among those fully qualified officers who possess that competency/skill. The specific skills and associated numbers in the below table shall not be interpreted as quotas.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Competitive Category and Grade:</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6530 - Civil Engineer Corps</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

(3) Additional Requirements. In addition to the specific critical needs listed above, the Navy must continue to develop leaders who possess the competency/skill areas listed in order of significance below. Give due consideration to demonstrated performance and expertise in these areas.

Medical Corps (2100)
1. N/A

Dental Corps (2200)
1. N/A

Medical Service Corps (2300)
1. N/A
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Judge Advocate General’s Corps (2500)

1. N/A

Nurse Corps (2900)

1. N/A

Supply Corps (3100)

1. Acquisition Corps
2. Joint Experience
3. Financial Resource Management (FM)
4. Operational Analysis (OA)
5. Navy Operational Planner
6. Naval Special Warfare (NSW) Experience
7. Expeditionary Warfare and Confronting Irregular Challenges

Chaplain Corps (4100)

1. N/A

Civil Engineer Corps (5100)

1. Expeditionary Warfare and Confronting Irregular Challenges
2. Shore Installation Management (SIM)
3. Acquisition Corps
4. Financial Resource Management (FM)
5. Joint Experience
6. Naval Special Warfare (NSW) Experience
7. Education and Training

Limited Duty Officer (Staff) (6500)

1. N/A

d. Additional Considerations: The following are additional considerations in determining the best qualified officers:
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(1) Individual Augmentee (IA)/Global Support Assignment (GSA)/Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO)/Irregular Warfare/ Afghanistan-Pakistan Hands (APH) Program Assignment

(a) The board may give favorable consideration to those officers who have displayed superior performance while serving in IA/GSA/OCO/APH assignments in direct support of OCO, Irregular Warfare, and the National Defense Strategy, and in particular, those IA/GSA/OCO/APH assignments that are extraordinarily arduous or which involve significantly heightened personal risk. These individuals are developing valuable combat and nation-building skills under stressful conditions. Such assignments may not be typical of the officer's traditional community career path, and the officer may be rated by a reporting senior unfamiliar with the officer's specialty and the Navy fitness report system.

(b) IA/GSA/OCO assignments may take an officer out of the normal community career path for periods up to 1 1/2 years. APH assignments consist of extensive specialized training and multiple, non-standard deployments that may take an officer out of the normal community career path for periods of up to 3 1/2 years.

(c) Note that CHC officers are noncombatants. Chaplains do not develop combat skills. Additionally, both USN and USMC deployments affect chaplains' personnel tempo. IAs are not the only evidence of OCO or "boots on ground" experience. Chaplains are organic to Expeditionary Strike Group (ESG), Carrier Strike Group (CSG), Navy Expeditionary Combat Command, and operational USMC units.

(2) Education and Professional Development. The board shall give favorable consideration to those officers with relevant graduate education, experience in specialized areas, and Navy and Joint Professional Military Education (JPME).

(a) The Navy values completion of graduate education and development of a subspecialty. Degrees from the Naval Postgraduate School, the Naval War College and equivalent Service institutions, and civilian education programs that result in assignment of a subspecialty code or award of Additional Qualification Designation (AQD) codes are desirable.
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Proven expertise from an experience tour utilizing that subspecialty is fundamental to development of Navy Leaders.

(b) The Navy values competitive scholarships and fellowships, examples of which include: Olmsted Scholar, Marshall Scholar, Rhodes Scholar, White House Fellowship, SECDEF Corporate Fellowship, Tours with Industry, Fleet Scholars Education Program, and Federal Executive Fellowships (e.g., Politico-Military and Cyber).

(c) Best qualified officers seek opportunities to broaden their cultural awareness through experiences and education and to enable better communication in a global operating environment.

(d) The Navy values the importance of Naval Reserve Officer Training Corps (NROTC) and U.S. Naval Academy (USNA) duty in building and developing future Navy leaders. When reviewing an officer's qualifications for the next higher grade, you should give favorable consideration to NROTC/USNA assignments.

3) Innovation and Efficiency. A critical goal of the Navy is to encourage -- to demand -- innovation and efficiency to ensure that we retain an adaptive, flexible, and effective naval force able to anticipate events and win across the spectrum of conflict. In your consideration, recognize that the continued preeminence of the Navy in the future is inextricably linked to its ability to successfully change and to manage for efficiency. Our future depends on male and female leaders who have demonstrated their awareness of this fact. Within the charter of best and fully qualified, seek to select these officers.

(a) In this age of limited resources and fiscal constraints, application of energy resource management and technology is of vital importance. Our institution must create energy solutions that make facilities and installations more energy efficient and encourage superior management of energy resources.

(b) Likewise, we must not restrict or limit the opportunity of any officer to think creatively, develop new
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ideas, take prudent risks, and maximize capabilities through sound management practices. Bear in mind that, in the context of a changing Navy, officers demonstrating innovative thinking, efficient management skills, prudent risk taking, and effective business practices, may reflect a variety of backgrounds.

(4) Joint Officer Considerations

(a) Our ability to operate effectively with the other Services is vital to our war-fighting capability. To foster this ability, a number of officers are assigned to joint duty with the Joint Staff, the other Services, and joint organizations. To ensure our ability to conduct joint operations, the Navy is firmly committed to placing as many officers as possible in joint duty assignment billets.

(b) Success in these assignments should be given special consideration, and the statutory joint promotion objectives, delineated in enclosure (4), represent critical requirements which warrant particular consideration when determining which officers are best qualified for promotion. However, these statutory joint promotion objectives do not alter the best and fully qualified selection standard. As such, members shall only select eligible officers who are best and fully qualified for promotion even if doing so will result in a failure to meet the statutory joint promotion objectives.

(c) This guidance does not apply to boards for competitive categories in which there are no joint officers eligible for consideration.

(5) Acquisition Corps Considerations. Acquisition Corps officers possess the qualifications to manage the development, acquisition, and life cycle support of the Navy’s current and future platforms and associated systems. The Unrestricted Line (AP), Aerospace Engineering Duty Officers, and Engineering Duty Officer communities all contain Acquisition Corps officers. In addition, contracting skills are based in the Supply Corps and Civil Engineer Corps. While there are specific needs and backgrounds in each community, there are overarching acquisition skill sets which are valued and found in all of these communities. Officers who possess these skills, regardless of the community to which they belong, are valued and necessary for
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the health of the Acquisition Corps, and should be considered in the broad context of the Acquisition Corps. Examples of these overarching skill sets include technical and operational knowledge of C4I, combat systems, unmanned systems, systems engineering, enterprise information systems, information technology, and weapons and major weapons systems (e.g., ships and aircraft). In determining the best and fully qualified officers for promotion, you shall give equal consideration to outstanding performance whether in an acquisition or non-acquisition position.

e. **Demonstration of Core Attributes.** The challenges facing our Navy are growing in scope, scale, and pace. To meet these challenges, the Navy needs male and female leaders who have demonstrated estimable character and are prepared for decentralized operations. You should give careful consideration to officers who demonstrate the four core attributes that guide our decisions and actions: integrity, accountability, initiative, and toughness. Integrity may be demonstrated as an individual or as a team member, by displaying conduct that is upright and honorable, and by working to strengthen the resolve of his or her peers, superiors, and subordinates. Accountability may be demonstrated by achieving and maintaining high standards, honestly assessing progress, and adjusting as required. Officers demonstrate initiative by taking ownership, acting to the limit of their authorities, and looking at new ideas with an open mind. Toughness can mean marshalling all sources of strength and resilience, including rigorous training, encouraging the fighting spirit of our people, and providing steadfast support of our families. Officers who demonstrate these core attributes ensure the U.S. Navy remains the world's finest Navy and deserve your careful consideration when selecting officers who are best and fully qualified.

6. **Medical Community Considerations.** Navy Medicine needs exemplary leaders able to thrive and inspire/deliver results, especially in complex and challenging times. Knowledge and proven performance/experience in a variety of settings including operational medicine, joint medical operations, and current garrison health care is necessary. Future leaders must understand and have experience across the continuum of care that is Navy Medicine. Duty or service in combined or other staff positions at senior levels of government should also be
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considered favorably. Additionally, Navy Medicine greatly values joint experience and formal education, including JPME.

a. The Navy requires officers of exceptionally high professional, operational, clinical, and business competence with the intellectual capacity to think analytically and express themselves articulately. They must have the energy to create and communicate the organization's vision, as well as build and motivate teams to accomplish that vision. Our leaders must be calculated risk-takers, inclusive in decision-making, and trusted by subordinates. They must have the courage to stand on principles and demonstrate a clear potential to lead the Navy of the future. They must recognize talent and mentor, coach, and develop juniors, then build the environment in which subordinates can thrive. They must understand and use best clinical practices and business tools to ensure the highest operational readiness of our Navy, always seeking improved efficiency and operational impact/effectiveness. Our Medical Community's leadership must be drawn from those officers who clearly understand Navy Medicine's obligation to support the fleet and Marine Corps and demonstrate the capacity to meet the challenges of our commitment to maritime superiority.

b. You must ensure that Navy Medicine's future leaders possess the broad knowledge necessary to support the operating forces and are acknowledged leaders within their operational, clinical, scientific, and other specialties. Likewise, officers selected must have demonstrated exceptional managerial skill and professional competence in executive and staff roles in the Fleet, Marine Corps, or shore establishment. In determining those officers best qualified for promotion, you should select those officers who have served in a broad spectrum of assignments requiring expertise in diverse functional areas. You shall give consideration to an officer's academic, clinical and/or scientific proficiency as a health professional to at least as great an extent as you give to that officer's administrative and management skills. Strong consideration should be given to board certification when a board certification exists for the specialty. It should be noted that, although there is no set career path for upward mobility, those you select will be placed almost assuredly in positions that require broad military and medical perspectives beyond the Department of the Navy. When officers serve in operational
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and/or joint environments where they are often among a small or "1-of-1" peer group, or where reporting seniors may be unfamiliar with the medical department career paths and/or the Navy fitness reports system, special attention must be taken in reviewing those officers' records. For operationally-focused specialties, consideration should be made for those officers who have demonstrated consistent superior performance and operational commitment.

c. The Navy values completion of graduate education and development within an officer's subspecialty. For officers currently in or who have successfully completed a Duty Under Instruction (DUINS) program (to include residencies and fellowships), the board shall give consideration to at least as great an extent as the board gives consideration to an officer's administrative and management skills, as these officers were competitively selected by Navy Medicine for these valued programs.

d. Officers best and fully qualified for promotion in Navy Medicine are those who have demonstrated superior performance in the clinical, scientific, and/or operational settings. Officers with such superior performance who have concentrated their careers and demonstrated mastery in a particular operational, clinical, research, scientific, or administrative type setting should be favorably considered.

7. Judge Advocate General's (JAG) Corps Community Considerations. Judge advocate assignments are made in the best interest of the Navy. In determining the best and fully qualified, equal weight shall be given to performance in all assigned billets, based on guidance provided in the precept and convening order. The JAG Corps must remain ready to meet the need for legal work and advice within the Navy and Joint Force. This includes military justice, advice to commanders at sea and ashore, service to individual clients, JAG Corps community management, and staff-based policy and legal work that keeps the Navy on a solid legal foundation. To meet this wide-ranging need, the JAG Corps benefits from drawing on the talents of officers with a more generalist career path and officers with deeper expertise in specific areas of practice.
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a. Assignment to Office of Military Commissions (OMC). On May 14, 2008, DEPSECDEF wrote that "military commissions are a national priority. Conducting a fair, just, and transparent military commissions process is the Department's top legal services priority and necessitates our commitment to dedicate the right number of and most skilled legal practitioners the Department has to offer." The JAG Corps has met this commitment to provide skilled legal practitioners to OMC, including some officers detailed well outside their anticipated career path. The JAG Corps must continue to value the important contributions of skilled legal practitioners at OMC.

b. Military Justice Litigation Career Track. Since 2007, the JAG Corps has maintained a separate career track for officers who specialize in prosecuting, defending, and judging criminal cases. After competitive selection by an administrative board, these officers spend significant portions of their careers in litigation-related billets.

c. Post-Graduate Education. In determining the best and fully qualified officers, give equal weight to post-graduate legal education obtained at military and civilian institutions.

d. Assignment to duties in Interagency or Joint Commands. When judge advocates are detailed to serve within interagency or joint commands, where reporting seniors may be unfamiliar with the Navy fitness reports system, special attention must be taken in reviewing those reports.

e. Navy Reserve Officers Recalled to Active Duty. A recalled officer's record shall not be discounted simply because it contains fewer active-duty fitness reports than a peer's record.

f. JPME I. Although judge advocates are exempt from Title 10, U.S. Code requirement to attain JPME Phase I and II level education, completion of JPME courses will significantly enhance professional understanding of military operations. Since January 2013, all judge advocates have been encouraged to complete JPME Phase I before coming into zone for Commander.
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8. **Supply Corps (SC) Community Considerations.** The Navy requires Supply Corps leaders with utmost integrity, moral excellence, and professional acumen who have demonstrated sustained superior performance in positions of increased responsibility. Supply Corps officers recommended for promotion must have balanced professional expertise to include demonstrated leadership, operational proficiency and supply expertise achieved through both shore/policy tours and fleet/operational tours. The Navy values Supply Corps officers who can recognize talent and are committed to mentoring and coaching juniors to develop future senior leaders of the Supply Corps.

   a. Officers who have a successful track record of sustained superior performance and increasing scope of responsibilities in leadership and staff assignments indicate potential to succeed at the level of commander.

   b. Officers who have a master’s degree, associated sub-specialty code and/or AQD with a Supply Corps line of operation such as supply chain management, operational logistics and acquisition (e.g., contracting or financial) management indicate an officer’s potential to grasp complex business management concepts and provide analytical rigor as a senior leader and policy maker in the Supply Corps community.

   c. Officers who have successfully proven their ability to perform on a senior staff/challenging shore tour that balances skill set development and operational experience indicates a potential to succeed at the level of commander.

   d. Completion of some education and experience trending toward membership in the Acquisition Corps or Joint Qualified Officer is encouraged.

9. **Chaplain Corps (CHC) Community Considerations**

   a. The CHC was established to provide Sailors, Marines, Coast Guardsmen, and their families with the opportunity to practice their faith wherever they serve, and thereby increase their personal resilience. CHC officers should excel in Professional Naval Chaplaincy (PNC), delivering the core capabilities of providing religious ministry to those of their
own faith, facilitating for those of other faith traditions, caring for all personnel, and providing relevant advice to commanders. Success and sustained exceptional performance in these areas are important attributes to consider. You must ensure that Navy CHC’s future leaders possess the broad knowledge necessary to support the operating forces and are acknowledged leaders, demonstrated by their exceptional leadership ability, professional competence, and executive/staff roles in support of the fleet, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, operational and shore assignments.

b. Career Paths. In determining those officers best qualified for promotion, you should consider favorably those officers who have demonstrated sustained superior performance in a broad spectrum of assignments requiring expertise in diverse functional areas. The spectrum of assignments, however, can be limited by fleet/operational/joint requirements. This must be taken into account by the board. It should also be noted that officers may have been assigned outside the traditional CHC career development patterns (i.e., recruiting, instructing, etc.) requiring specific skill specialties. These assignments, though beneficial to the interests of the Navy, have resulted in those officers having career patterns different from other officers. There are no expectations that officers must be selected from only certain assignments.

c. Additional Education, Training, and Professional Development. The CHC values education, training and professional development. All CHC officers enter service with at least one master’s degree.

(1) Advanced Education. Officers who have participated in advanced education beneficial to the Navy (e.g., Navy-funded, personal expense, etc.) after entering service that leads to another master’s degree, post graduate certification, or doctorate degree should be given favorable consideration. Schooling associated with non-observed time should not be viewed as detrimental to promotion potential.

(2) Subspecialty requirements. Officers who have proven CHC subspecialties (Religious and Culture, Pastoral Counseling,
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and Ethics) should be given favorable consideration. Proven expertise from an experience tour utilizing that subspecialty is fundamental to development of Navy leaders.

(3) Fleet Marine Force (FMF) Qualification Designator. For officers who have been assigned to operational Marine Corps tours, favorable consideration should be given to those awarded the FMF Qualification Designator (AQD 55F).

d. Fitness Reports. When officers serve with the Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Merchant Marines, or in joint environments where reporting seniors may be unfamiliar with the Navy fitness reports system, special attention must be taken in reviewing those officers' records.

e. Navy Reserve Officers Recalled to Active Duty. The CHC Community is a mix of direct accessions and indefinite recalls. Navy Reserve officers who have been recalled to active duty will have fewer active-duty fitness reports than their continuous active-duty peers. Due consideration shall be given to the fitness reports available and the quality of performance reflected in the record. A recalled officer's record shall not be discounted simply because it contains fewer active-duty fitness reports than an active-duty peer's record.

f. Officers who have a successful track record of sustained superior performance and an increasing scope of responsibilities in leadership, supervision, and/or staff assignments indicate potential to succeed at the level of commander.

g. Additional valuable achievements. The board shall give favorable consideration to those officers with successful tours in a joint billet, completion of JPME, and/or resident degrees from the Naval War College or equivalent Service institutions.

10. Civil Engineer Corps (CEC) Community Considerations

a. As the Navy's shore installation and expeditionary engineers, senior CEC officers are expected to display sustained superior performance in the three CEC core competencies - Facilities Management and Acquisition; Seabees, Naval Construction Force Units, or other expeditionary units; and Navy/USMC/Joint Staff. Integral to this performance, officers
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must possess exceptional people/teamwork/leadership skills to work in linear and matrix organizations with uniformed, civil service, and industry personnel at all echelons of command and levels of government.

b. Although there is no singular career path for upward progression, all officers under consideration for promotion must exhibit continued increase in job responsibility and job diversity commensurate with their rank. Experiences in overseas contingency, humanitarian assistance/disaster response, and theater security cooperation program operations are valued. Assignments with an operational unit or as an individual augmentee should be considered equally.

c. While all CEC officers recommended for promotion must be the best qualified within their respective promotion categories, the Navy requires Civil Engineer Corps leaders with exceptionally high professional engineer and business competence.

d. Officers in the CEC Community are eligible for, and generally granted, a scientific waiver for the Joint Qualified Officer designation requirement for flag officer promotion. However, Joint Professional Military Education (JPME) and experience are valued.

e. A limited number of CEC billets support Naval Special Warfare (NSW), Ocean Facilities Program (OFP), Combatant Command (COCOM) Staffs, Instructor Duty, and other unique requirements. Officers selected to perform these sensitive duties are extensively screened and complete demanding proficiency training and may have multiple-tour operational assignments that can preclude them from serving in traditional CEC career path billets. Due consideration should be given to outstanding performance by members in these assignments with the understanding that limited details of their activities may be provided in an unclassified "not observed" or "1 of 1" fitness report, given the sensitive and unique nature of their duties.

f. All fully qualified CEC commanders should have demonstrated superior performance in their lieutenant commander billets. The best qualified officers should have a track record of increased responsibility and complexity in acquisition,
facilities management, and expeditionary assignments. Officers qualified for promotion to commander will have completed technical or financial management post-graduate education relevant to the CEC career path with associated P-code for follow-on assignment to senior officer billets.

g. Expected achievements include: Registered as a Professional Engineer (AQD: 951) or Registered Architect (AQD: 952), Acquisition Level II (AQD: AC2), and member of the Acquisition Professional Community (AQD: APM). JPME and other technical/professional certifications are highly valued. 

Robert L. Woods
Acting
Statutory and Regulatory Promotion Objectives

PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS

(These objectives DO NOT alter the best and fully qualified selection standard discussed in the convening order.)

1. **Statutory Joint Objectives.** For officers assigned to joint duty within the best and fully qualified standard, the board shall strive to ensure that the following statutory promotion objectives are achieved:

   a. Officers who are serving, or have served, on the Joint Staff (JS) are expected, as a group, to be promoted to the next higher grade at a rate not less than the rate for officers in the same grade and competitive category who are serving, or have served, at Navy Headquarters; and,

      **JS Rate ≥ HQ Rate of Selection**

   b. Officers in the grades of lieutenant commander and above, who have been designated as a joint qualified officer (JQO), are expected, as a group, to be promoted to the next higher grade at a rate not less than the rate for all officers in the same grade and competitive category.

      **JQO Rate ≥ Overall Selection Rate for Category**

2. **Statutory Acquisition Corps Objective.** In accordance with 10 U.S.C. § 1731, Acquisition (ACQ) Corps officers are expected, as a group, to be promoted at a rate not less than the rate for all source community officers, both in the zone (IZ) and below the zone (BZ), in the same grade.

      **ACQ Corps Rate ≥ Overall Selection Rate for Source Community**

3. **Regulatory Objective.** Although not contained in statute, the Secretary of Defense has established an additional promotion objective as a matter of policy. Officers who are serving, or have served since being considered by the most recent promotion board, on the staff of the Secretary of Defense will, as a group, be promoted to the next higher grade at a rate not less than the rate for officers in the same grade and competitive category who are serving, or who have served since being considered by the most recent promotion board, at Navy Headquarters.

      **OSD Rate ≥ HQ Rate of Selection**

4. Prior to adjournment, the board must review the extent to which the statutory and regulatory promotion objectives have been met.

Enclosure (4)